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FOLEY AND LARDNER LLP SUITE 500			ENGLAND, DAVID E	
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WASHINGTON, DC 20007			2143	

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Assistant Commencers	09/975,505	ASAI, TAKAYUKI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	David E. England	2143			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 No	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 November 2005.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	osecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the didaying(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)	A 🗖 Internations Assets	(DTO 442)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date S. Patent and Trademark Office	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-20 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

- 3. Claims 1, and 8 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Huang et al. U.S. Patent No. 6438576 (hereinafter Huang).
- 4. Referencing claim 1, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches an object, the object requested by a client from a server, the client accessing the server through a proxy server, the method comprising:

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5. monitoring a residual amount of memory capacity in the client,

6. said residual amount of memory capacity being an amount of unused memory capacity in the client that is free to accept data received by the client, (e.g. col. 5, line 42 – col. 6, line 4, "...the local proxy server has access to a table wherein are stored the characteristics(e.g., type of display, size of graphics memory, etc.) of the various client devices that con be serviced by the local proxy." & col. 11, lines 15 – 55);

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- 7. notifying a filtering condition from the client to said proxy server in accordance with the monitoring result, (e.g. col. 5, line 42 col. 6, line 4, "In the latter case the proxy 110, 111, 112 can access a table of device capabilities, based on an identifier of the requesting device sent with the request, and can construct the RHI based on the stored information in the table."); and
- 8. filtering the object by said proxy server in accordance with the filtering condition thus notified, (e.g. col. 6, lines 52 65, "Object renderer may be a computer program which renders, by example, a color image into a black-and-white image, or one that reduces a complex HyperText Markup Language (HTML) text into a simple HTML text containing only summary of the HTML headers.").
- 9. Referencing claim 8, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches the filtering condition is represented by a data length of the object, (e.g. col. 10, lines 46 67, "It can be appreciated that a proxy server 110, 111, 112 that receives an image object having the abovenoted PICS label r(c 16 s 1000), in response to a request from the PDD having the above-noted RHI d(c 1 s 2), will be informed that the PDD is incapable of displaying the image object as

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received, and that the image object will need to be rendered into a form that the PDD is capable

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of displaying.").

10. Referencing claim 9, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches said proxy

server prohibits a file having a data length exceeding the data length notified from the client as

the filtering condition from being transmitted to the client, (e.g. col. 10, lines 46 - 67, "If,

however, for some reasons the proxy server elects to not completely render the image object, or

to not render the image object at all, due to, for example, loading considerations or a lack of

suitable software, then the PICS label of the image object will not reflect a condition compatible

with the display capabilities of the PDD.").

11. Referencing claim 10, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches the client is

a cellular phone terminal, (e.g. col. 6, lines 24 – 38, "smart phone").

12. Claims 12 – 14, 16 and 17 are rejected for similar reasons stated above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

- 14. Claims 2 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang in view of Britton et al (6681380) (hereinafter Britton).
- 15. As per claim 2, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches the filtering condition is notified from the client to said proxy server, (e.g. col. 3, lines 50 67), but does not specifically teach after the elapse of a predetermined time period since a previous notification. Britton teaches after the elapse of a predetermined time period since a previous notification, (e.g., col. 12, line 47 col. 13, line 10, "Depending on how often new rules are created, this parsing process may be invoked each time the present invention operates to perform an aggregation of information, or it may be invoked less often (for example, only when new rules have been created, or at predetermined periodic intervals, etc.). "). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Britton with Huang because having the conditions automatically updated periodically enables the user or other administrative personal the flexibility to not intervene every time a parameter changes, therefore making the conditions more dynamic and closer to real time when the parameters change.
- Referencing claim 3, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang does not specifically teach the predetermined time period is freely set from an external source. Britton teaches the predetermined time period is freely set from an external source, (e.g., col. 12, line 47 col. 13, line 10). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Britton with Huang because of similar reasons stated above.

- 17. Referencing claim 4, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang does not specifically teach the filtering condition is valid only for a predetermined time period after the proxy server is notified of the filtering condition teaches. Britton teaches the filtering condition is valid only for a predetermined time period after the proxy server is notified of the filtering condition, (e.g., col. 12, line 47 col. 13, line 10). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Britton with Huang because of similar reasons stated above.
- 18. Claims 5 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang (6438576) in view of Gauvin et al. (6061686) (hereinafter Gauvin).
- 19. Referencing claim 5, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang does not specifically teach the filtering condition is represented by a filename extension of the object.
- 20. Gauvin teaches the filtering condition is represented by a filename extension of the object, (e.g. col. 8, line 60 col. 9, line 5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Gauvin with Huang because filtering out specific types of data would guaranty that the specific types would not be introduced into the environment to overwhelm the network with more bandwidth demands. Furthermore, with would also ensure that only information desired by the user would be transmitted to the user's system.

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Referencing claim 6, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang does not specifically teach said proxy server prohibits only a file having the filename extension notified from the client as the filtering condition from being transmitted to the client.

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- Gauvin teaches said proxy server prohibits only a file having the filename extension notified from the client as the filtering condition from being transmitted to the client, (e.g. col. 8, line 60 col. 9, line 5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Gauvin with Huang because of similar reasons stated above.
- Referencing claim 7, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang does not specifically teach said proxy server allows only a file having no filename extension notified from the client as the filtering condition to be transmitted to the client. Gauvin teaches said proxy server allows only a file having no filename extension notified from the client as the filtering condition to be transmitted to the client, (e.g. col. 8, line 60 col. 9, line 5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Gauvin with Huang because of similar reasons stated above.
- 24. Claim 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang (6438576) in view of Eerola (6678518).

- 25. Referencing claim 11, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches the use of a wireless phone as described above but does not specifically teach said proxy server is a gateway server for WAP (Wireless Application Protocol).
- 26. Eerola teaches said proxy server is a gateway server for WAP (Wireless Application Protocol), (e.g. col. 1, lines 44 53). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the Eerola with Huang because it would be more efficient and compatible for a system to utilize a protocol that is common to integrate with other users in other system than to have a non-compatible system that could not do the described function without a type of adapter.
- 27. Claims 12, 16, 17, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang in view of Ferguson (6769019).
- 28. Referencing claim 19, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches a client device for accessing a server through a proxy server to request a desired object from the server, the client device comprising:
- 29. a controller for controlling an access to said proxy server to acquire the object, (e.g. col. 5, line 41 col. 6, line 4); and
- 30. a memory unit for storing the object, (e.g. col. 5, line 41 col. 6, line 4);
- wherein when said controller detects that a residual amount of memory, said controller notifies to said proxy server a filtering condition for filtering the object, (e.g. col. 5, line 41 col. 6, line 4), but does not specifically teach memory of said memory unit is equal to a

predetermined residual amount or less. Ferguson teaches detecting that a residual amount of memory of said memory unit is equal to a predetermined residual amount or less said controller notifies to said proxy server a filtering condition for filtering the object, (e.g., col. 10, line 61 – col. 11, line 50). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Ferguson with Huang because utilizing a threshold in a system for memory enables a user to not have information that is too large to be save on their system which can not fit it.

- 32. As per claim 20, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Huang teaches wherein the filtering condition is represented by a data length of the object, (e.g., col. 10, lines 20 45).
- 33. Claims 12, 16 and 17 are rejected for similar reasons stated above. is rejected for similar reasons as stated above
- 34. Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang and Ferguson in view of Britton.
- 35. Claims 13 and 14 are rejected for similar reasons as stated in claims 12 and 2-4.
- 36. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang and Ferguson in view of Gauvin.

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37. Claim 15 is rejected for similar reasons as stated in claims 12 and 5-7.

38. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Huang and Ferguson in view of Eerola (6678518).

39. Claim 18 is rejected for similar reasons stated above in claims 12 and 11.

Response to Arguments

40. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

- 41. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 42. a. Boothby et al. U.S. Patent No. 6212529 discloses Synchronization of databases using filters.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David E. England whose telephone number is 571-272-3912. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur, 7:00-5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David E. England Examiner Art Unit 2143

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER